

the Communications Act of 1934 relating to equipment registration.

(b) *Notice of Intent to Revoke Part 68 Registration.* Before revoking a Part 68 registration under the provisions of this section, the Commission, or the Common Carrier Bureau under delegated authority, will issue a written Notice of Intent to Revoke Part 68 Registration, or Joint Notice of Apparent Liability for Forfeiture and Intent to Revoke Part 68 Registration pursuant to §§ 1.80 and 1.89 of this chapter.

(1) *Contents of the Notice.* The Notice will:

(i) Identify the registration date(s) and registration number(s) of the equipment, and the rule or federal law apparently violated;

(ii) Set forth the nature of the act or omission charged against the registrant, and the facts upon which such charge is based;

(iii) Specify that in the event of revocation, the registrant may not re-apply for registration of the same product for a period of six months; and

(iv) Specify that revocation of the registration may be in addition to, or in lieu of, an amount in forfeiture levied pursuant to § 1.80 of this chapter.

(c) *Delivery.* The Notice will be sent via certified mail to the registrant at the address certified in the Part 68 application associated with the registration at issue.

(d) *Response.* The registrant will be given a reasonable period of time (usually 30 days from the date of the Notice) to show, in writing, why its part 68 registration should not be revoked or why the forfeiture penalty should not be imposed or should be reduced.

(e) *Reapplication.* A registrant whose registration has been revoked may not apply for registration of the same product for a period of six months from the date of revocation of the registration.

(f) *Reconsideration or appeal.* A registrant who is issued a revocation of equipment registration and/or forfeiture assessment may request reconsideration or make administrative appeal of the decision pursuant to Part 1 of the Commission's rules—Practice and Procedure, Part 1 of this chapter.

[61 FR 42392, Aug. 15, 1996]

§ 68.212 Assignment of equipment registration.

Commission equipment registration may not be assigned, exchanged or in any other way transferred to another party, without prior written notice to the Commission.

§ 68.213 Installation of other than “fully protected” non-system simple customer premises wiring.

(a) *Scope of this rule.* Provisions of this rule apply only to “unprotected” premises wiring used with simple installations of wiring for up to four line residential and business telephone service. More complex installations of wiring for multiple line services, for use with systems such as PBX and key telephone systems, are controlled by § 68.215 of these rules.

(b) *Wiring authorized.* Unprotected premises wiring may be used to connect units of terminal equipment or protective circuitry to one another, and to carrier-installed facilities if installed in accordance with these rules. The telephone company is not responsible, except pursuant to agreement between it and the customer or undertakings by it, otherwise consistent with Commission requirements, for installation and maintenance of wiring on the subscriber's side of the demarcation point, including any wire or jacks that may have been installed by the carrier. The subscriber and/or premises owner may install wiring on the subscriber's side of the demarcation point, and may remove, reconfigure, and rearrange wiring on that side of the demarcation point including wiring that may have been installed by the carrier. The customer or premises owner may not access carrier wiring and facilities on the carrier's side of the demarcation point. Customers may not access the telephone company-installed protector. All plugs and jacks used in connection with inside wiring shall conform to subpart F of this part. In multiunit premises with more than one customer, the premises owner may adopt a policy restricting a customer's access to wiring on the premises to only that wiring located in the customer's individual unit wiring that serves only that particular customer. See Demarcation

point definition, §68.3(b)(3). The customer or premises owner may not access carrier wiring and facilities on the carrier's side of the demarcation point. Customers may not access the telephone company-installed protector. All plugs and jacks used in connection with inside wiring shall conform to subpart F of this part.

(c) Material requirements. (1) For new installations and modifications to existing installations, copper conductors shall be, at a minimum, solid, 24 gauge or larger, twisted pairs that comply with the electrical specifications for Category 3, as defined in the ANSI EIA/TIA Building Wiring Standards.

(2) Conductors shall have insulation with a 1500 Volt rms minimum breakdown rating. This rating shall be established by covering the jacket or sheath with at least 15 cm (6 inches) (measured linearly on the cable) of conductive foil, and establishing a potential difference between the foil and all of the individual conductors connected together, such potential difference gradually increased over a 30 second time period to 1500 Volts rms, 60 Hertz, then applied continuously for one minute. At no time during this 90 second time interval shall the current between these points exceed 10 milliamperes peak.

(3) All wire and connectors meeting the requirements set forth in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) shall be marked, in a manner visible to the consumer, with the symbol "CAT 3" or a symbol consisting of a "C" with a "3" contained within the "C" character, at intervals not to exceed one foot (12 inches) along the length of the wire.

(d) *Attestation.* Manufacturers (or distributors or retailers, whichever name appears on the packaging) of non-system telephone premises wire shall attest in a letter to the Commission that the wire conforms with part 68, FCC Rules.

[49 FR 21734, May 23, 1984, as amended at 50 FR 29392, July 19, 1985; 50 FR 47548, Nov. 19, 1985; 51 FR 944, Jan. 9, 1986; 55 FR 28630, July 12, 1990; 58 FR 44907, Aug. 25, 1993; 62 FR 36464, July 8, 1997; 65 FR 4140, Jan. 26, 2000]

§ 68.214 Changes in registered equipment and circuitry.

Changes in registered terminal equipment or registered protective circuitry shall be made as follows:

(a) No change in registered terminal equipment or registered protective circuitry that would result in any change in the information furnished the Commission pursuant to §68.200 may be made, except after grant of a new application made on FCC Form 730.

(b) Changes which do not result in any change in the information furnished the Commission pursuant to §68.200 may be made without express Commission approval. *Provided*, That prior written notification is given the Commission on FCC Form 730.

(c) Where equipment is registered by virtue of incorporation of registered protective circuitry therein, no notification need be given of changes to other than the protective circuitry, its mechanical and electrical connections to the equipment.

(d) Changes in registered terminal equipment or registered protective circuitry made pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section may be made only by the grantee, or an authorized agent thereof, and the grantee will remain responsible for the performance of such changes.

(e) Operations associated with installing, connecting, reconfiguring or removing (other than final removal) premises wiring to registered terminal equipment or registered protective circuitry are changes in this equipment or circuitry within the meaning of this Section, unless:

(1) The premises wiring involved is "fully-protected" premises wiring, or

(2) All such operations are performed in accordance with §68.215.

[42 FR 32244, June 24, 1977, as amended at 43 FR 16499, April 19, 1978]

§ 68.215 Installation of other than "fully protected" system premises wiring that serves more than four subscriber access lines.

(a) *Types of wiring authorized*—(1) *Between equipment entities.* Unprotected